Naval Research Laboratory

Stennis Space Center, MS 39529-5004



NRL/MR/7441--97-8049

Technical Review of Full Utility Navigation Demonstration (FUND) Phase 4

JERRY L. LANDRUM

Mapping, Charting, and Geodesy Branch Marine Geosciences Division

BRIAN T. WILSON

Planning Systems Incorporated Slidell, LA

November 21, 1997

DTIC QUALITY INSPECTED 2

19971223 095

Approved for public release; distribution unlimited.

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

Form Approved OBM No. 0704-0188

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for information Operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22202-4302, and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0704-0188), Washington, DC 20503.

1. AGENCY USE ONLY (Leave blank)	November 21, 1997	3. REPORT TYPE AND DA	TES COVERED
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE			5. FUNDING NUMBERS
Technical Review of Full Utility Nav	igation Demonstration (FUND)	Phase 4	Job Order No. 74-M029-06
			Program Element No.
6. AUTHOR(S)			Project No.
Jerry L. Landrum and Brian T. Wilso	on*		Task No.
			Accession No.
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S)	AND ADDRESS(ES)		8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION
Naval Research Laboratory			REPORT NUMBER
Marine Geosciences Division			NRL/MR/744197-8049
Stennis Space Center, MS 39529-5	004		
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NA	ME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)		10. SPONSORING/MONITORING
Commander, Naval Meteorology an			AGENCY REPORT NUMBER
1020 Balch Blvd.	d Oceanography Command		
Stennis Space Center, MS 39529-5	005		
11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES			
*Planning Systems Incorporated, 11	5 Christian Lane, Slidell, LA 7	0458	
11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES *Planning Systems Incorporated, 115 Christian Lane, Slidell, LA 70458			
12a. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY STATEM	ENT		12b. DISTRIBUTION CODE
12a. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY STATEMENT Approved for public release; distribution unlimited			
13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 words)			
The Naval Besearch Laborator	v's Mapping Sciences Branch	was tasked by the C	commander Naval Meteorology and
Oceanography Command (CNMO	C) and the National Imagery	and Mapping Agency	(NIMA) to perform software testing
			demonstrates the use of NIMA's
Digital Nautical Chart (DNC) data presents the results of the evaluation			tion System (ECDIS). This report
presents the results of the evalua-	ation of the iniai i hase 4 i t	JND Software.	
			•
14. SUBJECT TERMS			15. NUMBER OF PAGES
digital nautical chart, electronic chart	ting, ECDIS		56
and a second sec	g,		16. PRICE CODE
17. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION	18. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION	19. SECURITY CLASSIFIC	ATION 20. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT
OF REPORT Unclassified	OF THIS PAGE Unclassified	OF ABSTRACT Unclassified	SAR
Officiassified	Officiassified	Unclassified	SAN

TECHNICAL REVIEW OF FULL UTILITY NAVIGATION DEMONSTRATION (FUND) PHASE 4

Prepared for:

Commander Naval Meteorology and Oceanography Command (CNMOC) and the National Imagery and Mapping Agency (NIMA)

Prepared by:

Naval Research Laboratory (NRL) Code 7441 Jerry Landrum (601) 688-4613 Brian Wilson, Planning Systems Incorporated

1. INTRODUCTION	1
2. OVERVIEW	1
3. CORRELATION OF FUND PHASE 1 WITH IMO PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR ELECTRONIC CHART DISPLAY AND INFORMATION SYSTEMS (ECDIS)	3
3.1 IMO PERFORMANCE STANDARDS ECDIS	3
3.3 PS APPENDIX 3: NAVIGATIONAL ELEMENTS AND PARAMETERS	21
4. CORRELATION OF FUND PHASE 1 WITH SPECIFICATIONS FOR CHART CONTENT AND DISPLAY ASPECTS OF ECDIS (IHO S-52, DECEMBER 1994)	24
4.1 S-52: IHO SPECIFICATIONS FOR CHART CONTENT AND DISPLAY OF ECDIS	30 30
5. CORRELATION OF FUND PHASE 1 WITH FUND TASKING REQUIREMENTS	38
6. GENERAL COMMENTS	50
6.1 Suggestions	
7. STATUS OF OCEANOGRAPHIC FUND OVERLAYS	51
7.1 VPF BACKGROUND	52
8. CONCLUSIONS	53
9. REFERENCES	53
10 ACKNOWLEDGMENTS	54

1. INTRODUCTION

The Naval Research Laboratory's Mapping Sciences Branch has been tasked by the Commander Naval Meteorology and Oceanography Command (CNMOC) and the National Imagery and Mapping Agency (NIMA) to perform software testing of the Full Utility Navigation Demonstration (FUND) software. The FUND software demonstrates the use of NIMA's Digital Nautical Chart (DNC) database within an electronic charting system. The FUND software is currently under development by the Naval Command, Control, and Ocean Surveillance Center, In-Service Engineering Division, Norfolk Detachment (NISE East Det Norfolk Code 35).

FUND software is being developed in four phases. This report presents the results of the evaluation of Phase 4. The FUND Phase 4 software is currently being ported to the Windows NT computer platform.

2. OVERVIEW

While the purpose of FUND is only to demonstrate the use of the DNC data product rather than to actually produce an Electronic Chart Display and Information System (ECDIS), the standards that have been produced by the International Maritime Organization (IMO) and the International Hydrographic Organization (IHO) provide a useful set of criteria against which the combination of the DNC database and the FUND software can be evaluated.

With the completion of Phase 4, FUND proves that DNC can be used in an ECDIS system. It presents a visually attractive nautical chart that meets most, but not all, of the IMO and IHO requirements. Significant shortfalls exist in chart updating, the route planning alarms, and the route monitoring off-track alarm, but overall, Phase 4 is very close to meeting all ECDIS requirements.

The functional capabilities of FUND using DNC were evaluated against the requirements set forth in the following:

- 1. Performance Standards for ECDIS, International Maritime Organization. Results are presented in Section 3 of the report. Paragraph numbers are prefixed with "PS" and refer to the numbering within the referenced document.
- Specifications for Chart Content and Display aspects of ECDIS (S-52), International Hydrographic Organization. Results are presented in Section 4 of the report.
 Paragraph numbers are prefixed with "S52" and refer to the numbering within the referenced document.
- 3. Task Order, DMA to NISE-East, 10 April 95, FUND. Results are presented in Section 5 of the report. Paragraph numbers are prefixed with "T" and refer to the numbering within the referenced document.

The reader is encouraged to consult the three references for a full statement of the functional requirements.

Section 6 provides comments of a general nature relating to installation, documentation, and operation.

Section 7 describes the joint effort by Naval Research Laboratory (NRL) and the Naval Oceanographic Office to produce a prototype supplementary oceanographic layer in Vector Product Format (VPF) for use as a DNC overlay in FUND.

3. CORRELATION OF FUND PHASE 1 WITH IMO PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR ELECTRONIC CHART DISPLAY AND INFORMATION SYSTEMS (ECDIS)

3.1 IMO Performance Standards ECDIS

REQUIREMENT	RATING	TEST PROCEDURE	EXPECTED RESULT	RESULT / COMMENTS
PS 1 INTRODUCTION				
PS 1.1 The primary function of		Non-testable requirement.		
the ECDIS is to contribute to				
safe navigation.				
PS 1.2 ECDIS, with adequate		Non-testable requirement.		
back-up arrangements, may be				
accepted as complying with the				
up-to-date charts required by				
regulation V/20 of the 1974				
SOLAS Convention.				
PS 1.3 In addition to the general		Non-testable requirement.		
requirements for shipborne radio				
equipment forming part of the				
global maritime distress and				
safety system (GMDSS) and the				
requirements for electronic				
navigational aids contained in			-	
IMO resolution A.694(17)*,				
ECDIS should meet the				
requirements of this				***************************************
performance standard.				

[•] IEC Publication 945.

PS 1.4 ECDIS should be capable	PASS	Add User Overlays to the	All DNC features should be	Derformed as expected:
of displaying all chart		ECDIS display by selecting	displayable.	however, only DNC charts are
information necessary for safe		menu item Chart / User Overlays		supported. DX90 is not
and efficient navigation		/ DNC.		supported.
originated by, and distributed on				
the authority of, government-				
authorized hydrographic offices.				
PS 1.5 ECDIS should facilitate	FAIL	No update test data available.		
simple and reliable updating of				
the electronic navigational chart.				
PS 1.6 Use of ECDIS should	MARGINAL	See individual tests in this		
reduce the navigational		document concerning IMO		
workload as compared to use of		PS10.4 and PS10.5.		
a paper chart. It should enable				
the mariner to execute in a				
convenient and timely manner				
all route planning, route				
monitoring and positioning				
currently performed on paper				2*1
charts. It should be capable of				
continuously plotting the ship's				
position.				
PS 1.7 ECDIS should have at	PASS	Non-testable requirement.		FUND displays the DNC
least the same reliability and		•		correctly: however, this is more
availability of presentation as the				of an issue of the correctness of
paper chart published by				the DNC.
government-authorized				
hydrographic offices.				
PS 1.8 ECDIS should provide	MARGINAL	See review of PS Appendix 5 in		
appropriate alarms or indications		this document.		
with respect to the information				
displayed or malfunction of the				
equipment (see Appendix 5).				
PS 3 DISPLAY OF SENC INFORMATION	MATION			

•	Performed as expected.	Performed as expected.	Performed as expected.	Performed as expected.	Performed as expected.
	(a)Features available to add to the display should include all those required by the data specification. (b)Window should appear displaying all spatial information for area queried.	Each setting should display its required information as specified by PS Appendix 2.	Information displayed should be representative of that specified by the Standard Display (see PS Appendix 2).	Top-left corner of user interface should display "Standard" and the chart scale should be the largest available for that area.	User Overlays should be displayed (Add) and removed (Delete) from display. Should in no way be able to remove the information contained in the base overlay.
	(a)Follow procedures to add User Overlays. (b)Right-click mouse while holding cursor over any of the displayed SENC data.	Press F2, F3, and F4 to verify the Base, Standard, and Other Displays (respectively).	Press F3 to get the Standard display.	Load a FUND Demo, verify that the Standard Display is the current setting and that the chart displayed is the largest scaled chart available for that area. (The user can verify the chart displayed by comparing the gray text at the lower right of screen with the library diagram on the back of the CD Case).	Add/Delete User Overlays to/from the ECDIS display by selecting menu items Chart / User Overlays / DNC.
	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS
	PS 3.1 ECDIS should be capable of displaying all SENC information.	PS 3.2 SENC information available for display during route planning and route monitoring should be subdivided into three categories, display base, standard display, and all other information (see Appendix 2).	PS 3.3 When a chart is first displayed on ECDIS, it should provide the standard display at the largest scale available in the SENC for the displayed area.	PS 3.4 When a chart is first displayed on ECDIS, it should provide the standard display at the largest scale available in the SENC for the displayed area.	PS 3.5 It should be easy to add or remove information from the ECDIS display. It should not be possible to remove information contained in the display base.

PS 3.6 It should be possible for the mariner to select a safety contour from the depth contours provided by the SENC. ECDIS should give the safety contour more emphasis than other contours on the display.	FAIL	Non-supported requirement.		FUND does not allow the mariner to set a safety contour but automatically assigns the safety contour as the shoalest contour that is deeper than the ship draft.
PS 3.7 It should be possible for the mariner to select a safety depth. ECDIS should emphasize soundings equal to or less than the safety depth whenever spot soundings are selected for display.	MARGINAL	Select menu item Ship / Draft and choose a draft selection.	While running a demo route, sounding shoaler than the ship's draft will highlighted.	Performed as expected; however, the mariner can only set the ship's draft, not an actual safety depth.
PS 3.8 The ENC and all updates to it should be displayed without any degradation of their information content.	MARGINAL	Display ENC data and updates for various locations.	ENC data and all updates should be displayed without any degradation of information content.	ENC data looks correct but no ensuring means of verifying data validity; unable to test updates due to unavailability of update data.
PS 3.9 ECDIS should provide a means of ensuring that the ENC and all updates to it have been correctly loaded into the SENC.	FAIL	No update test data available.		
PS 3.10 The ENC data and updates to it should be clearly distinguishable from other displayed information, such as, for example, that listed in Appendix 3.	PASS	View the display to determine if the ENC data is distinguishable from other displayed information.	ENC data should be distinguishable from other displayed information	Performed as expected.
PS 4 PROVISION AND UPDATING OF CHART INFORMATION	NG OF CHART II	NFORMATION		
PS 4.1 The chart information to be used in ECDIS should be the latest edition of information originated by a government-authorized hydrographic office, and conform to IHO standards.	PASS	Compare fully updated ECDIS display with fully updated paper chart.	All chart features match and all updates are consistent between the paper chart and the ECDIS.	Performed as expected.

PS 4.2 The contents of the SENC should be adequate and	MARGINAL	See questions (concerning update data).		
up-to-date for the intended voyage, as required by regulation V/20 of the 1974				
SOLAS Convention.				
PS 4.3 It should not be possible	PASS	Verify that the ENC media is	The CDROM media is read only	Performed as expected.
to alter the contents of the ENC.		read only.	The state of the s	
PS 4.4 Updates should be stored	PASS	Verify that the ENC media is	The CDROM media is read only	Performed as expected.
separately from the ENC.		read only, unus assuring unat une updates are stored separately.		
PS 4.5 ECDIS should be capable	FAIL	No update test data available.		
of accepting official updates to				
the ENC data provided in				
conformity with IHO standards.				
These updates should be				
automatically applied to the				
SENC. By whatever means				
updates are received, the				
implementation procedure				
should not interfere with the				
display in use.				
PS 4.6 ECDIS should also be	FAIL	No update test data available.		-
capable of accepting updates to	•			
the ENC data entered manually				
with simple means for				
verification prior to the final				
acceptance of the data. They				
should be distinguishable on the				
display from ENC information				
and its official updates, and not				
affect display legibility.				
PS 4.7 ECDIS should keep a	FAIL	No update test data available.		
record of updates, including time				
of application to the SENC.				

PS 4.8 ECDIS should allow the mariner to display updates so that the mariner may review their contents and ascertain that they have been included in the SENC.	FAIL	No update test data available.		
PS 5 SCALE				
PS 5.1 ECDIS should provide an indication of whether the information is displayed at a larger scale than that contained in the ENC.	MARGINAL	Turn off route monitoring and zoom in.	The Overscale alarm appears (letter 'O' displayed near upperright corner of screen)	Must zoom in twice before the overscale indicator appears.
PS 5.2 ECDIS should provide an indication of whether own ship's position is covered by an ENC at	MARGINAL	Turn off route monitoring and zoom out.	The Underscale alarm appears (letter 'U' displayed near upperright corner of screen)	Must zoom out twice before the underscale indicator appears.
a larger scale than that provided by the display.				
PS 6 DISPLAY OF OTHER NAVIGATIONAL	-	NFORMATION		
PS 6.1 Radar information or other navigational information may be added to the ECDIS display. However, it should not	PASS	Simulation test: While running in demo mode, turn on ARPA using the following sequence: Select menu item FUND /	The contacts appear and behave as indicated in the ARPA demo table.	Performed as expected.
degrade the SENC information, and should be clearly distinguishable from the SENC information.		Demo, select menu item Edit / ARPA, click on a row in the table, and select Tracking to be 'ON'. At sea test: With the ECDIS		
		connected to the radar system.		
PS 6.2 ECDIS and added navigational information should use a common reference system. If this is not the case, an	PASS	Turn on ARPA as before.	The Contacts are plotted correctly in relation to own ship.	Performed as expected.
indication should be provided.				
PS 6.3.1 Transferred radar information may contain both the radar image and ARPA information.	PASS	Turn on ARPA as before.	The Contacts are plotted correctly in relation to own ship.	Performed as expected; radar image not supported.

PS 6.3.2 If the radar image is added to the ECDIS display, the chart and the radar image should		Non-testable requirement.		
PS 6.3.3 The radar image and the position from the position sensor should both be adjusted automatically for antenna offset from the conning position.		Non-testable requirement.		
PS 6.3.4 It should be possible to adjust the displayed position of the ship manually so that the radar image matches the SENC display.		Non-testable requirement.		
PS 6.3.5 It should be possible to remove the radar information by single operator action.	FAIL	Non-supported requirement.		Can only turn ARPA points off one at a time.
PS 7 DISPLAY MODE AND GENERATION OF THE NEIGHBOURING AREA	ERATION OF TI	HE NEIGHBOURING AREA		
PS 7.1 It should always be possible to display the SENC in a "north-up orientation. Other orientations are permitted.	PASS	Verify that the interface for display is north up.	North is up.	Performed as expected.
PS 7.2 ECDIS should provide for true motion mode. Other modes are permitted.	PASS	Examine the user interface for motion modes. Choose them and note behavior.	True motion should be supported.	Menu / Chart /Configuration / Motion / Relative and Non- Relative are provided. Relative mode keeps the ship at the center. Non-relative moves the ship across the chart.
PS 7.3 When true motion mode is in use, reset and generation of the neighboring area should take place automatically at a distance from the border of the display determined by the mariner.	PASS	Set mode to Non-relative.	Chart is re-centered when ship nears chart edge.	Performed as expected.

PS 7.4 It should be possible	PASS	Set mode to Non-relative while	Own ship position is maintained	Performed as expected.
manually to change the chart		route monitoring. Using the	within the resized rectangle.	•
area and the position of own ship		mouse, drag a corner of the		
relative to the edge of the		dashed rectangle to a new		
display.		position.		
PS 8 COLORS AND SYMBOLS				
PS 8.1 IHO recommended colors	MARGINAL	See review of S52 Appendix 2 in	FUND should use the colors	While FUND produces an
and symbols should be used to		this document.	given in the appendix.	excellent display looking very
represent SENC information.				much like paper charts, some discrepancies were noted
PS 8.2 The colors and symbols	PASS	Compare symbol colors for	Navigational element colors	Performed as expected.
other than those mentioned in		navigational elements listed in	differ from DNC colors.	,
8.1 should be those used to		PS Appendix 3 with S52		
describe the navigational		Appendix 2 - Table 1.		
elements and parameters listed				
in Appendix 3 and published by				
IEC".				
PS 8.3 SENC information, when		Did not have access to		
displayed at the scale specified		Presentation Library which		
in the ENC, should use the		defines the symbol sizes.		
specified size of symbols,				
figures and letters mentioned in				
8.1 and 8.2.				
PS 8.4 ECDIS should allow the	MARGINAL	This functionality is not a user		Map scale determines whether
mariner to select whether own		stetting in FUND; however,		the ship is displayed in true scale
ship is displayed in true scale or	848 J	charts displayed at large scales		or as a symbol.
as a symbol.		(harbor charts) have the ship		
		displayed at true scale.		
PS 9 DISPLAY REQUIREMENTS	S			

[•] Appendix 2 to IHO Special Publication S-52.
• IEC Publication 1174.

PS 9.1.1 ECDIS should be capable of displaying information for route planning	PASS	Examine the user interface for route planning and supplementary navigation	Route planning and supplementary navigation tasks are supported	Performed as expected. Move cursor to a desired waypoint position. Press the
and supplementary navigation tasks.		support.		hotkey "w" to create a waypoint. Use menu command Navigation
				/ Planned Koute / Save Koute / Save Primary to save the route.
PS 9.1.2 ECDIS should be	PASS	Examine the user interface for	Route monitoring supported	Performed as expected.
capable of displaying		route monitoring support.		Use menu command Chart /
monitoring.				Monitoring or hotkeys F5 and F6.
PS 9.2 The effective size of the	PASS	Measure the screen.	Should be at least 270mm by	Performed as expected.
chart presentation for route			270 mm.	
monitoring should be at least				
270 mm by 270 mm.				
PS 9.3 The display should be	PASS	Compare number of display	Must have at least 64 colors per	Performed as expected.
capable of complying with the		colors with IHO	S52 Appendix 2 Section 5.1	
color and resolution		recommendations.		
recommendations of IHO.				
PS 9.4 The method of	PASS	Test subjectively with more than	Displayed information can be	
presentation should ensure that		one person.	seen clearly by more than one	
the displayed information is			person.	
clearly visible to more than one				
observer in the conditions of				
light normally experienced on				
the bridge of the ship by day and				
by night.				
PS 10 ROUTE PLANNING, MONITORING AND	ITORING AND	VOYAGE RECORDING		

• Appendix 2 to IHO Special Publication S-52.

PS 10.1 It should be possible to carry out route planning and route monitoring in a simple and reliable manner.	PASS	Exercise the route planning and route monitoring capabilities	Route planning and route monitoring should be simple and reliable	Performed as expected, except that to clear the current route, one must individually tag and delete each waypoint. A command to clear the current route should be provided. Occasionally while performing route planning and route monitoring concurrently FUND gets stuck on an update loop and has to be terminated.
PS 10.2 ECDIS should be designed following ergonomic principles for user-friendly operation.	PASS	Review all FUND operations for ease of use.	Operations should be easy to use.	Performed as expected; however, adding user overlays could be more streamlined.
PS 10.3 The largest scale data available in the SENC for the area given should always be used by the ECDIS for all alarms or indications of crossing the ship's safety contour and of entering a prohibited area, and for alarms and indications according to Appendix 5.	PASS	Navigate Through a harbor or approach chart and manually select a general chart.	Alarms should be based on larger scaled charts.	Performed as expected.
PS 10.4.1 It should be possible to carry out route planning including both straight and curved segments.	PASS	Create widely spaced waypoints. Set the line type using menu command Navigation / Planned Route / View Route / View Primary.	Route legs should be drawn either straight or curved (great circle)	Both rhumb line and great circle legs are correctly shown as curved legs on FUND's cylindrical equidistant projection. Paper charts are usually on Mercator projection where rhumb lines appear straight.
PS 10.4.2.1 Possible to adjust a planned route by adding waypoints to a route.	PASS	Position the cursor at the desired location and press 'w'.	A waypoint should be displayed on the screen and appended to the waypoint list.	Performed as expected.
PS 10.4.2.2 Possible to adjust a planned route by deleting waypoints from a route.	PASS	Move cursor to the waypoint. Press "f" key. to tag and the "backspace" key to delete.	The waypoint is deleted	Performed as expected.

PS 10.4.2.3 Possible to adjust a	PASS	Move cursor to the waypoint.	The waypoint is moved	Performed as expected.
planned route by changing the		Press "q" key. Move cursor to		
position of a waypoint.		new position and the "q"key to move the waypoint.		
PS 10.4.2.4 Possible to adjust a	PASS	Navigation / Planned Route /	The waypoint order is reversed	As expected. To reorder part of
planned route by changing the		Reverse Route / Primary Route		a route, waypoints must be
order of the waypoints in the				deleted and recreated.
route.				
PS 10.4.3 It should be possible	PASS	Open both primary and	Routes should be	Performed as expected.
to plan an alternative route in		secondary routes.	distinguishable. (Primary route	
addition to the selected route.			appears in red, secondary in	
The selected route should be			orange.)	
clearly distinguishable from the				
other routes.				
PS 10.4.4 An indication is	FAIL	Place waypoints such that the	An indication should appear.	No indication appeared.
required if the mariner plans a		route goes over the safety		
route across an own ship's safety		contour.		
contour.				
PS 10.4.5 An indication is	FAIL	Place waypoints such that the	An indication should appear.	No indication appeared.
required if the mariner plans a		route goes over a prohibited or		
route across the boundary of a		special condition area.		
prohibited area or of a				
geographical area for which				
special conditions exist (see				
Appendix 4).	***************************************			
PS 10.4.6 It should be possible	FAIL	Non-supported requirement.		
for the mariner to specify a limit				
of deviation from the planned				
route at which activation of an				
automatic off-track alarm should				
occur.				
PS 10.5.1 For route monitoring,	PASS	While running a demo route,	Own ship and route should	Performed as expected.
the selected route and own		turn on route monitoring using	appear on display.	
ship's position should appear		menu item Chart / Configuration		
whenever the display covers that		/ Route Monitoring.		
area.				

PS 10.5.2 It should be possible to display a sea area that does not have the ship on the display (e.g., for look ahead, route planning), while route monitoring. If this is done on the display used for route monitoring, the automatic route monitoring functions (e.g., updating ship's position, and providing alarms and indications) should be continuous. It should be possible to return to the route monitoring display covering own ship's position immediately by single operator action.	MARGINAL	Turn off route monitoring (key "F6"), click the left mouse button to get display a location rectangle. Click the middle mouse button to shrink the location rectangle. Move the location rectangle to an area just ahead of the ship and click the left mouse button to display the area covered by the location rectangle.	The ship is off screen but the flashing hazard alarms appear.	As expected. Since alarms appear as flashing features on the chart, there is no indication when the features causing the alarm are off the screen. An additional sound or nongeographic screen indication would resolve this problem.
PS 10.5.3 ECDIS should give an alarm if the ship, within a specified time set by the mariner, is going to cross the safety contour.	FAIL	Use menu command Ship / Looking Ahead to set the time.	Contours should flash if the contour depth equals the safety contour or shoaler.	All contour lines in the path of the ship flash.
PS 10.5.4 ECDIS should give an alarm or indication, as selected by the mariner, if the ship, within a specified time set by the mariner, is going to cross the boundary of a prohibited area or of a geographical area for which special conditions exist (see Appendix 4).	PASS	Use menu command Ship / Looking Ahead to set the time.	Features ahead of the ship should flash.	Performed as expected.
PS 10.5.5 An alarm should be given when the specified limit for deviation from the planned route is exceeded.	FAIL	Non-supported requirement.		

PS 10.5.6 The ship's position should be derived from a continuous positioning system of an accuracy consistent with the requirements of safe navigation. Whenever possible, a second independent positioning method of a different type should be provided; ECDIS should be capable of identifying discrepancies between the two systems.	MARGINAL		Both position sources should be turned on.	Only one position source at a time can be selected. The GPS interface was not tested.
	PASS	Use Interface / Navigation Status to show the status.	OFFLINE shows in red when no GPS solution was computed.	Performed as expected.
PS 10.5.8 An alarm should be given by ECDIS if the ship, within a specified time or distance set by the mariner, is going to reach a critical point on the planned route.	FAIL	Demo a planned route.	An alarm should be given when the ship approaches a waypoint.	No alarm is given when a ship approaches a waypoint.
PS 10.5.9 The positioning system and the SENC should be on the same geodetic datum. ECDIS should give an alarm if this is not the case.	FAIL	Non-supported requirement.		FUND, DNC, and the GPS positioning system all have WGS84 as the geodetic datum.

to display an alternative route in addition to the selected route. The selected route should be clearly distinguishable from the other routes. During the voyage, it should be possible for the mariner to modify the selected sailing route or change to an		Secondary routes. Use menu command Navigation / Planned Route / Switch routes.	primary route becomes the secondary route and vice versa.	refloilled as expected.
PS 10.5.11.1 It should be possible to display time-labels along ship's track, manually on demand and automatically at intervals selected between 1 and 120 m.	PASS	Use menu command Navigation / Track History / Configuration. Check "Display Primary Time Marks". Check and set Auto Interval	Time labels are displayed as specified.	Performed as expected.
PS 10.5.11.2 It should be possible to display an adequate number of points, free movable electronic bearing lines, variable and fixed-range markers and other symbols required for navigation purposes and specified in Appendix 3.	PASS	Use menu command Chart / User Overlays / Mariner to draw the desired features.	Desired features can be drawn.	Performed as expected.
PS 10.5.12 It should be possible to enter the geographical coordinates of any position and then display that position on demand. It should also be possible to select any point (features, symbol or position) on the display and to read its geographical coordinates on demand.	MARGINAL	Entering a geographical position for display is a non-supported requirement. However, the user may move the pointer over a point on the display.	The approximate geographical coordinates of the point directly under the pointer will be displayed.	Performed as expected.

	MANIDARI	Use the dead-reckoning	Should move the ship to input	The dead-reckoning performed
position manually. This manual		Tunctionanty.	location.	as expected; nowever, the user should be able to simply enter
adjustment should be noted				the desired coordinates and the
alpha-numerically on the screen,				ship will be displayed at that
maintained until altered by the			,	location.
recorded.				
	PASS	Use menu command Navigation	Ship's location every minute for	Performed as expected.
of own ship's past track: time,		/ Track History / Configuration.	the last 12 hours will be shown.	
position, heading, and speed		Select "12 Hours" under heading		
should be recorded at one-		Track Display Duration. Select		
minute intervals for the previous		"I Minute" under heading Time		
12 hours.		Markers. Press OK. Use menu		
		command Navigation / Track		
		History / View to see ship's record.		
PS 10.6.1.2 To ensure a record	FAIL	Non-supported requirement.		Unable to find a record of the
of official data used: ENC				official data used.
source, edition, date, cell and				
update history.				
PS 10.6.2 In addition, ECDIS	MARGINAL	Run a demo or dead-reckoning	A log and track of the voyage	Track and time marks was not
should record the complete track		for several hours.	should be kept.	displayed on the screen after 12
for the entire voyage, with time				hours; otherwise performed as
marks at intervals not exceeding				expected.
4 hours.				
PS 10.6.3 It should not be	PASS	Attempt to delete information	Should not be able to delete the	Performed as expected.
possible to manipulate or change		out of the View Track History	information.	
		Window.		
PS 10.6.4 ECDIS should have	PASS	Same as 10.6.1.1	Same as 10.6.1.1	Performed as expected.
the capability to preserve the				
record of the previous 12 hours				
and of the voyage track.				
PS 11 ACCURACY				

=	PASS	Unable to test; developer assures		
ECDIS should be independent of		that calculations are performed in geographic space rather than		
the characteristics of the output		pixel space.		
device and should be consistent with the SENC accuracy.				
PS 11.2 Bearings and distances	MARGINAL	Create a route. Compare	Bearings and distances should be	Bearings between the two
drawn on the display, or those		distance and bearing between the	consistent.	programs are similar but the
measured between features		waypoints on the route using		distance between points varies
already drawn on the display,		NIMAMUSE 1.1 application		plus or minus 6%.
should have an accuracy no less		program.		•
than that afforded by the				
resolution of the display.				
PS 12 CONNECTIONS WITH OTHER EQUIPM	HER EQUIPMENT	•L>		
PS 12.1 ECDIS should not		Unable to test due to test		
degrade the performance of any		configuration.		
equipment providing sensor				
inputs. Nor should the				
connection of optional				
equipment degrade the				
performance of ECDIS below				
this standard.				
PS 12.2 ECDIS should be		Non-testable requirement.		
connected to systems providing				
continuous position-fixing,				
heading and speed information.				
PS 13 PERFORMANCE TESTS, MALFUNCTION ALARMS AND INDICATIONS	AALFUNCTION	ALARMS AND INDICATIONS		
PS 13.1 ECDIS should be	PASS	Use the included Demo	Should follow planned route and	Performed as expected.
provided with means for		capability to simulate route	alert user with alarms just like if	4
carrying out on-board tests of		monitoring of a planned route.	it was really monitoring the ship.	
major functions either)	
automatically or manually. In				
case of a failure, the test should				
display information to indicate				
winch module is at fault.				

[•] IEC Publication 1162.

PS 13.2 ECDIS should provide a FAIL	FAIL	During all the testing for this	testing for this
suitable alarm or indication of		software reviev	software review, the program
system malfunction.		never gave any indication in	/ indication in
		regard to a malfunction even	function even
		though the program crashed	gram crashed a
		few times.	

3.2 PS Appendix 2: SENC Information Available for Display During Route Planning and Route Monitoring

REQUIREMENT	RATING
1 Display base, permanently retained on the ECDIS display, consisting of:	
	PASS
1.2 own ship's safety contour, to be selected by the mariner;	MARGINAL
than the safety contour	PASS
which lie within the safe waters defined by the safety contour;	
\vdash	PASS
contour such as bridges, overhead wires, etc., including buoys and beacons, whether or	
not these are being used as aids to navigation;	
1.5 traffic routing systems;	PASS
1.6 scale, range, orientation and display mode;	PASS
1.7 units of depth and height.	PASS
2 Standard display, to be displayed when the chart is first displayed by ECDIS, consisting of:	g of:
e)	PASS
2.2 drying line	PASS
2.3 indication of fixed and floating aids to navigation	PASS
	PASS
2.5 visual and radar conspicuous features	PASS
2.6 prohibited and restricted areas	PASS
2.7 chart scale boundaries	PASS
2.8 indication of cautionary notes	PASS
3 All other information, displayed individually on demand, for example:	
3.1 spot soundings	PASS
3.2 submarine cables and pipelines	PASS
3.3 ferry routes	PASS
S	PASS
3.5 details of aids to navigation	PASS
3.6 contents of cautionary notes	PASS
3.7 ENC edition date	PASS
3.8 geodetic datum	FAIL
3.9 magnetic variation	PASS
3.10 graticule	FAIL
3.11 place names	PASS

3.3 PS Appendix 3: Navigational Elements and Parameters

REQUIREMENTS	RATING
1 Own ship	
1.1 Past track with time marks for primary track	PASS
1.2 Vector for course and speed made good	PASS
2 Vector for course and speed made good	PASS
3 Variable range marker and/or electronic bearing line	PASS
4 Cursor	PASS
5 Event	
5.1 Dead reckoning position and time (DR)	PASS
5.2 Estimated position and time (EP)	MARGINAL
6 Fix and time	PASS
7 Position line and time	PASS
8 Transferred position line and time	
8.1 Predicted tidal stream or current vector with effective time and strength (in box)	PASS
8.2 Actual tidal stream or current vector with effective time and strength (in box)	PASS
9 Danger highlight	PASS
10 Clearing line	PASS
11 Planned course and speed to make good. Speed is shown in box	PASS
12 Waypoint	PASS
13 Distance to run	PASS
14 Planned position with date and time	PASS
15 Visual limits of lights arc to show rising/dipping range	PASS
16 Position and time of "wheelover"	PASS

3.4 PS Appendix 4: Areas For Which Special Conditions Exist

The following are areas which ECDIS should provide an alarm or indication under 10.4.5 (route planning) or 10.5.4 (route monitoring). Note that no alarms or indications are implemented for route planning.

SPECIAL CONDITION AREAS	RATING (10.4.5)	RATING (10.5.4)
Traffic separation zone	FAIL	PASS
Traffic routing scheme crossing or roundabout	FAIL	PASS
Traffic routing scheme precautionary area	FAIL	PASS
Two-way traffic route	FAIL	PASS
Deepwater route	FAIL	PASS
Recommended traffic lane	FAIL	PASS
Inshore traffic zone	FAIL	PASS
Fairway	FAIL	PASS
Restricted area	FAIL	PASS
Caution area	FAIL	PASS
Offshore production area	FAIL	PASS
Areas to be avoided	FAIL	PASS
Military practice area	FAIL	PASS
Seaplane landing area	FAIL	Data not found.
Submarine transit lane	FAIL	PASS
Ice area	FAIL	Data not found.
Channel	FAIL	PASS
Fishing ground	FAIL	PASS
Fishing prohibited	FAIL	PASS
Pipeline area	FAIL	PASS
Cable area	FAIL	PASS
Anchorage area	FAIL	PASS
Anchorage prohibited	FAIL	PASS
Dumping ground	FAIL	PASS
Spoil ground	FAIL	PASS
Dredged area	FAIL	PASS
Cargo transshipment area	FAIL	PASS
Incineration area	FAIL	Data not found.
Specially protected areas	FAIL	PASS

3.5 PS Appendix 5: Alarms And Indicators

SECTION	RATING	REQUIREMENTS	INFORMATION
10.3	PASS	Alarm or Indication	Largest scale for alarm
10.4.6	FAIL	Alarm	Exceeding off-track limits
10.5.3	FAIL	Alarm	Crossing safety contour
10.5.4	PASS	Alarm or Indication	Area with special conditions
10.5.5	FAIL	Alarm	Deviation from route
10.5.8	FAIL	Alarm	Approach to critical point
10.5.9	FAIL	Alarm	Different geodetic datum
13.2	FAIL	Alarm or Indication	Malfunction of ECDIS
5.1	MARGINAL	Indication	Information overscale
5.2	MARGINAL	Indication	Larger scale ENC available
6.2	PASS	Indication	Different reference system
10.4.4	FAIL	Indication	Route planning across safety contour
10.4.5	FAIL	Indication	Route planning across specified area
10.5.7	PASS	Indication	Positioning system failure
13.1	PASS	Indication	System test failure

4. CORRELATION OF FUND PHASE 1 WITH SPECIFICATIONS FOR CHART CONTENT AND DISPLAY ASPECTS OF ECDIS (IHO S-52, DECEMBER 1994)

4.1 S-52: IHO Specifications for Chart Content and Display of ECDIS

-	Rating	Test Procedure	Expected Result	RESULT / COMMENTS
S52 3.3.a Manufacturer of ECDIS		Non-testable requirement.		
ENC data to allow system to meet				
performance requirements.				
S52 3.3.b ECDIS should accept	PASS	Verify that FUND loads and	Data is displayed correctly	Performed as expected.
and convert Hydrographic		displays DNC data.		
Second Second Commence of Second Seco	חאפט	Voi:6:4:4:4:FINID 1-1-4-4:-1-4:	N-1-1-1-1	
accomplished in the ECDIS.	rass	only once for each DNC library.	Data is loaded only once.	Pertormed as expected.
S52 3.3.d Original ENC data		Non-testable requirement.		
should be kept onboard.		•		
S52 3.4.a If the area covered by	FAIL	Dead Reckoning from point	Prompt for load of DNC; if	Did not get any type of note to
the ECDIS display includes		(0,0) with a heading of 290.	FUND doesn't get the data,	refer to a paper chart.
waters for which no HO ENC at a			should tell the user to refer to the	•
scale appropriate for navigation			paper chart.	
exists, the areas representing				
those waters should carry an				
indication to the mariner to refer				
to the paper chart.				
S52 3.4.b Should the	PASS	Compare display precision with	Display appears as precise as	Performed as expected.
manufacturer of the ENC data use		paper chart.	paper chart.	4
point reduction or smoothing				
operations in order to compress				
the chart information in the				
SENC, the resultant image of the				
chart displayed at ENC scale				
should not differ from the ENC				
image by more than the display				
resolution.				

specify a safety contour, this should default to 30 m. If the safety contour specified by the mariner is not in the SENC, the safety contour shown should default to the next deeper contour. If the safety contour in use becomes unavailable due to a change in source data, the safety contour should default to the next deeper contour. In each of the above cases, the mariner should be informed.	MARCHAR	the safety contour (b) Set the safety contour.	(a) Safety contour should be set to whatever is the user's safety contour.	always be set at 30m.
S52 3.5.a ENC data should be assigned to a selection of scale ranges.		Non-testable requirement.		
S52 3.5.b Only one dataset is provided for each scale range. That dataset should always be populated from the largest scale data available within that scale range.	PASS	Verify that DNC is so constructed.	DNC is so constructed.	Performed as expected.
S52 3.5.c Data shown on the display should always be of the same scale. If a scale boundary is shown on the display, the information shown in the overscale area should not be relied upon at the scale of the display.	MARGINAL	Display data of different scales.	Should be specified to the user where the different scaled data meets.	FUND shows a dotted line but does not indicate to the user which data is what scale.
S52 3.6 ENC data should be organized in cells, both for data manipulation in ECDIS, and for chart correction.	PASS	Verify that DNC is tiled.	DNC is tiled.	Performed as expected.
S52 3.7 Language.	PASS	Verify that information is displayed in the English Language.	Information should be displayed in the English Language.	Performed as expected.

S52 4 Updates	FAII,	No undate test data available		
CSO S 1 Diamber action for	DACO			
syz 3.1 Display categories for	PASS	Fress F2, F3, and F4 to verify	Each setting should display its	Performed as expected.
cital information are Display		the Base, Standard, and Other	required information as specified	
Base, Standard Display, and all		Displays (respectively).	in Table IV of Appendix 2.	
other information.				
S52 5.2 ECDIS display-general.		Non-testable requirement.		
S52 5.3 Priority layers.	PASS	Verify that the data layers are	Data layers should be displayed	Performed as expected.
-		displayed in the priority order	in the required order.	•
		required.		
S52 6.1 Only one horizontal	PASS	Verify that DNC uses a single	Uses a single horizontal datum.	Performed as expected.
datum should be used. This		horizontal datum.)	•
datum should be WGS-84.				
S52 6.2 ENC should define each		Non-testable requirement.		
area for which a particular vertical		r		
datum applies.				
S52 6.3.a If data from different	MARGINAL	Display data of different scales.	Should be specified to the user	FUND shows a dotted line but
scales (density) appears on the			where the different scaled data	does not indicate to the user
display, the boundary between			meets.	which data is what scale.
different scales should be clearly				
indicated. The ENC should				
define each area for which a				
particular compilation scale				
applies. It is this scale that should				
be used when deciding if data are				
being displayed overscale. A				
graphical index of the scale				
boundaries of available data				
should be shown on demand.				
S52 6.3.b Ability to use	MARGINAL	Try to use intermediate scales or	Should be able to use	Can only change given scale
intermediate scales or zoom in		zoom in between scales.	intermediate scales or zoom in	when not in route monitoring
between scales.			between scales.	

62		safety our, `issue	can
Scale bar is visible at all sc did not find a latitude bar.	ected.	Was no legend data for sounding/vertical datum, horizontal datum, value of safety depth, value of safety contour, magnetic variation, date of issue of the ENC, or chart projection.	Datum transformation and convergence not found. NIMAMUSE applications can supply these.
ind a lati	ed as exp	legend da y/vertical al datum alue of sa variatic	ansform ence not IUSE app nese.
Scale bar is visible at all scales; did not find a latitude bar.	Performed as expected	Was no legend data for sounding/vertical datum, horizontal datum, value of depth, value of safety comagnetic variation, date of the ENC, or chart proj	Datum transformation a convergence not found. NIMAMUSE applicatic supply these.
Should find scale bar and for chart displays at a scale smaller than 1:80000, should find a latitude bar.	The units on the display should be correct and obvious to the user.	A standard legend of the general information should be shown.	All calculations supported.
Should find chart displa, than 1:8000 latitude bar.	The unbe cor	A star	All ca
tude bar.	n the d obvious	legend of s shown.	=
ocate lati	orrect an	standard rmation is	ND for a
Find scale bar on left side of display and locate latitude bar.	Verify that the units on the display are correct and obvious to the user.	Verify that a standard legend of general information is shown.	Examine FUND for all calculations.
MARGINAL	S	MARGINAL	MARGINAL
	S., ts		
S52 6.3.c A scale bar should be provided as part of the display base for navigating on a large scale (1:80,000 and larger). This is intended to give an immediate impression of scale and of the proximity of charted objects, rather than for accurate distance measurement, which should be made by means of the cursor. For chart displays at a scale smaller than 1:80,000, a latitude bar should be shown on the border of the standard display.	S52 6.4 Position units are latitude and longitude in degrees, minutes, and decimal minutes. Depth units are meters and decimeters. Height units are meters. Distance units are nautical miles and decimal miles, or meters. Speed units are knots and decimal knots.	S52 6.5 Standard legend of general information should be available for display on a graphic or text display.	S52 7.1.a The system should be capable of performing at least the following calculations: transformation between local datum and WGS-84, true distance and azimuth between two geographical positions, and projection calculations such as true distance, rhumb line, convergence, and great circle.
provis base t scale is inte impre proxii rather meast made chart than I should the sta	SS2 6 and k and d are m Heigh units decirr units	SS2 6 gener avails or tex	SS27 capat follov transf datun and a geogr projec true d

S52 7.1.b The accuracy of these		Non-testable requirement.		There should be no visible
calculations should be such that		•		distortion when comparing
there should be no visible				calculated rhumb line and great
distortion on the display between				circle with chart data. Unable to
the following: rhumb line and				locate any rhumb line or great
chart data and great circle and				circles in DNC.
chart data.				
S52 7.1.c All calculations should	PASS	Navigate Through a harbour or	Alarms should be based on	Performed as expected.
be based on the largest scale-		approach chart and manually	larger scaled charts.	
range data available for the area		select a general chart.)	
in the ENC.		ı		
S52 7.2.a The units for depth	PASS	View units of Depth in the top	Units of Depth should be visible	Performed as expected.
should always be on the same		left corner of display.	in top left corner of display.	4
screen as the chart display.				
S52 7.2.b	MARGINAL	Verify that the required	The required information should	Unable to view a list of
-Positional data and time;		information is visible on	be visible on demand.	abbreviations and symbol
-legend;		demand.		library.
-object description and				`
associated attributes;				
-textual information from				
SENC;				
-list of abbreviations (from IHO				
INT-1);				
-result from navigational				
computations;				
-record of ENC updates;				
-list of categories which are				
removed from Standard Display;				
-symbol library (see Appendix 2),				
should be visual on demand on				
the same screen as the chart				
display or on an additional				
graphic or text display.				

S52 7.2.c Navigator's notes	PASS	Add user notes to the chart by	Notes should appear on the chart Performed as expected.	Performed as expected.
should be visible as a result of		selecting Chart / User	as a layer.	
hand-entry on the same screen as		Configuration / Mariner. Click		
the chart display or an additional	****	the Display toggle and click the		
graphic or text display.		text button [Tt]. Click the		
		mouse on the chart and enter		
		notes into the window provided.		
S52 7.2.d Alarms and indications. MARGINAL	MARGINAL	See test results of appendices 4		Alarms not supported in Route
		and 5 of IMO Performance		Planning.
		Standards for ECDIS.		
S52 7.2.e North-up/course-up.	PASS	Verify that the display is shown	Display should be shown North-	Performed as expected.
		North-up.	l up.	
S52 7.2.f Supplementary	PASS	Add user overlays by selecting	User is able to add overlays	Performed as expected.
information.		Chart / User Overlays / Mariner.	without degrading from SENC.	
S52 7.2.g Depth information	PASS	Determine if there is any	Should not be any adjustments	Performed as expected.
should be displayed as it has been		function that displays the ENC	by tidal height.	
provided in the ENC and not		depth data other than the way it		
adjusted by tidal height.		was provided.		
S52 8 Minimum configuration.	PASS	Determine if FUND satisfies the	Should satisfy all minimum	Performed as expected.
		minimum configurations	configurations.	
		required.		

4.2 S-52 Appendix 1: Guidance on Updating the Electronic Navigational Chart

All updating in FUND is yet to be completed due to lack of valid update data. As a result, an evaluation based on this document will not be done at this time.

4.3 S-52 Appendix 2: Provisional Color and Symbol Specifications for ECDIS

REQUIREMENT	RATING
S52 A2 2.2.1 Should be similar to paper chart whenever possible unless otherwise specified. However.	PASS
ECDIS must switch to a negative image of the chart at night, using a dark background in place of the	
white background of the paper chart.	
S52 A2 2.2.2 It should be possible to distinguish clearly on the display between a very large number of	PASS
features. It should also be possible to distinguish between sources.	
S52 A2 2.2.3 Route monitoring display presents only the immediately relevant information clearly and	PASS
without ambiguity. During route monitoring, alphanumeric characters should be kept to a minimum.	
Old display should remain visible until the refresh is ready for quick draw.	
S52 A2 2.2.4 Important features should be clear and conspicuous at all times.	PASS
S52 A2 2.2.5 Priority of information: display base, standard display, and other information See	PASS
Section 3.2 for details.	
S52 A2 2.2.6 Size of lines and symbols should be viewable at 70 cm for route planning. Important chart	PASS
features should be visible from several meters for route monitoring.	
S52 A2 2.2.7 The overall background colors of the night display must be very dark, which limits the	PASS
depth zone shades that can be distinguished to only two - deeper than and shallower than the safety	
contour. If the entire display area consists of only one depth zone an additional pattern is provided to	
indicate shallow water. In addition, the color fill used to indicate that an area has no chart data is the	
same as the deep water color by night. It therefore has an added pattern fill of gray squares at night	
only.	
S52 A2 2.2.9 Rules for displaying text.	PASS
S52 A2 2.2.10 Attracting attention by blinking - better uses for red	PASS
S52 A2 2.2.11 Operator control of information should be effective and simple.	PASS
S52 A2 3.1.1a Some object classes do not have a symbol. They may be referenced by an [I] on the	PASS
display or stored. Should an "unknown object" occur in the SENC for which no symbol exists, its	
presence should be indicated by a magenta '?'.	

S52 A2 3 1.1h Undating the Presentation Library	FAIL - This
	functionality
	not found.
S52 A2 3.1.2 Symbols should not be drawn smaller than specified in the Presentation Library.	FAIL - The
	symbols are
	currently
	drawn smaller
	as the scale
	decreases.
S52 A2 3.1.3a During route monitoring it should be possible to call up additional information quickly and simply when needed	PASS
S52 A2 3.1.3b During route monitoring the system should acknowledge operator instructions	PASS
immediately.	
S52 A2 3.1.4 North arrow is required on the display as part of the display base.	PASS
S52 A2 3.1.5 Where charts at different scales overlap, the ECDIS display will show two scale	PASS
boundaries, at the beginning and end of the overlap, and part of the display will often be grossly	
overscale.	
S52 A2 3.1.6 Chart data quality information should be available.	PASS
S52 A2 3.2 New symbols for ECDIS (introductory information).	
S52 A2 3.2.1 ECDIS must provide the mariner with the option of using either the traditional paper chart	FAIL - This
symbols or the new simplified symbols.	functionality
	not found.
S52 A2 3.2.1 Simplified symbols should be used when the standard display is shown on initial switch-	PASS
0ft.	MADGINIAI
S52 A2 3.2.2a i Satety contour.	MAKGINAL
S52 A2 3.2.2a ii Safety depth.	MARGINAL
S52 A2 3.2.2a iii Isolated dangers.	MARGINAL
S52 A2 3.2.2b(1) Simplified beacon and large beacon tower symbols (except cardinal beacons).	PASS
S52 A2 3.2.2b (2a) Simplified buoy symbols (except cardinal buoys).	PASS
S52 A2 3.2.2b (2b) Cardinal buoys and beacons.	PASS
S52 A2 3.2.2b (3) General symbol for isolated underwater danger of depth equal to or less than the own-	PASS
ship depth limit.	
S52 A2 3.2.2b (4a) Dredged channel symbol.	PASS
S52 A2 3.2.2b (4b) Dredged area.	PASS
S52 A2 3.2.2b (5) Radar conspicuous coastline.	PASS
S52 A2 3.2.2b (6a) Prohibited area.	PASS
S52 A2 3.2.2b (6b) Indication of caution.	PASS

S52 A2 3.2.2b (6c) Unknown object.	PASS
SS2 A2 3 2 2h (7) Information available	I Inoho to total
S52 A2 3 2 2h (8a) Scale houndary shows where the scale of the available chart data changes. This	FAII Scole
should be marked with two lines, a thin line and a thick line. The thin line is on the small scale side of	boundaries are
the boundary and the thick line on the large scale side. A chart index diagram is also required by S-52	shown but not
(see S52, 6.3a). ECDIS should detect a scale boundary and prepare chart data at the next scale for	with two lines.
display. It should also warn the mariner of upcoming chart scale change (see S52, Section 7).	
S52 A2 3.2.2b (8b) Should a display extending beyond the edge of a relatively large scale chart to	FAIL - Not
include information from the next smaller scale chart, an area pattern should be applied to the entire	supported.
grossly overscale part of the display. This pattern should not be applied to an overscale display	
deliberately requested by the operator. The identifying pattern is diagonal gray lines.	
S52 A2 3.2.2b (8c) Change of units of depth.	Unable to test.
S52 A2 3.2.2b (9) North arrow is required at all times and part of the Display Base.	PASS
S52 A2 3.2.2b (10) Hand-entered corrections.	PASS
S52 A2 3.2.2b (11) The scale bar is a vertical bar, always 1.5 nautical miles in length, divided into three	MARGINAL -
0.5-mile segments, orange at top and bottom and gray in the middle. It should always be centered next	Has no latitude
to the left-hand border of the display. It should be displayed at scales of 1:80,000 and larger. A latitude	bar and scale
bar should be shown at display scales smaller than 1:80,000 (see S-52 Section 3).	bar is not as
	described.
S52 A2 3.2.2b (12) Ramark, Racon	Unable to test.
S52 A2 3.2.2b (13) Border for non-HO chart data and End of Chart Data line.	Unable to test.
S52 A2 3.2.2b (14) Identifying pattern for area with no data with gray area shade.	PASS
S52 A2 3.2.2b (15) Identifying pattern for depth areas less than the safety contour. A diamond-shaped	MARGINAL -
pattern of subdued gray lines is provided in the Presentation Library to identify areas of depths less than	Area was gray
the safety contour for use as a mariner's option. Mariner should be made aware of the problem of	but no pattern.
uischinnation of deput afeas in sonie stuations during me night display.	;
532 A2 5.2.20 (16) Rocky Intertigal Toresnore.	Unable to test.
532 A2 3.2.20 (17) Pack Ice area.	Unable to test.
S52 A2 3.4 Text as part of the route monitoring display. Alphanumeric information should be used on the route monitoring display only when unavoidable, since it has to be written large enough to be	PASS
readable and so causes clutter. Sizes, colors, and fonts to be used are specified in the Presentation	
Library. Alphanumeric characters should always be upright and written horizontally. Some	
alphanumerics are treated by the Presentation Library as symbols to ensure they are legible and correctly	
located.	
S52 A2 3.5 Instructions for using a separate text panel on the same screen as the main route monitoring	PASS
display.	

S52 A2 3.6 Instructions for using a text display on a separate auxiliary screen from the main route	PASS
monitoring display.	
S52 A2 3.7 The controls and user interaction procedures for ECDIS should be designed following	PASS
ergonomic principles for user-friendly operation. There should be enough in common from one	
manufacturer to another that a pilot, or newly joined deck officer, will not experience difficulty in	
operating an unfamiliar make of ECDIS. The controls should be usable at night without requiring	
illumination that affects night vision or distracts attention from the main graphics display. A dimmer	
control should be provided if the controls require lighting.	
S52 A2 4.1.4 Six color tables should be provided to adjust the luminance of the ECDIS display	PASS
according to the light level on the bridge, under operator control.	

4.4 S-52 Appendix 2: Table One - Colors for ECDIS Features

FEATURE	COLOR	RATING
1. SEA, real features		
coastline	black/white	PASS
area coastline to low water	yellow green (moss-green)	PASS
area dries - safety contour	blue	PASS
area deeper than safety contour	white/black	PASS
dries to selected shallow contour	darker blue/lighter blue	PASS
shallow contour to safety contour	medium blue	PASS
safety contour to selected deep contour	lighter blue/darker blue	FAIL - FUND
		does not set
deeper than selected deep contour	white/black	PASS
safety contour	grey, dominant (thick line)	PASS
other contour	grey, faint	PASS
soundings less/equals safety depth	black/white	PASS
soundings deeper than safety depth	grey, faint	PASS
dredged channel	25% grey, dotted pattern	PASS
dredged symbol	grey	PASS
channel limit	grey, dashed	MARGINAL -
		Not dashed.
Isolated danger symbol	magenta, conspicuous	PASS
dangerous rocks, wrecks, obstructions	black/white	FAIL - Given
non-dangerous rocks, wrecks, obstructions	grev	FAII - Given
		as a red '?'.
ice edge	dashed grey line	Data not found
sea ice	patterned fill	Data not found
rocky intertidal shore	dark brown	Data not found
nature of seabed	grey symbol - small grey font	FAIL - Given
		as a red '?'.
sandwaves	grey	Data not found
kelp, weeds	grey	Data not found
currents, breakers, overfalls, etc.	grey	

Floating drydock hulk (Jarge scale)	black/white	Data not found
light atmostings	hlook/white	Date not found
iight suucimies	Ulacky willie	Data Hot Iouilu
dolphin, pylon in water, etc.	black/white	FAIL - Given
		as a red ?.
logpond	grey, dominant	Data not found
fishing stakes, fish nets, fish farms	grey	FAIL - Color
		is magenta.
fish havens, fishing beds & grounds	grey, faint	FAIL - Color
		is magenta.
symbols for fishing features	grey	FAIL - Color
		is magenta.
offshore rigs, etc.	black/white	FAIL - Color
		is magenta.
underwater wellheads	grey	Data not found
underwater oil, gas pipeline	dominant grey	PASS
underwater water, sewer pipeline	grey	PASS
underwater cables	dominant grey	PASS
buoys, beacons - full chart symbols	black/white	PASS
buoys, beacons - simplified symbols	black/white outline;	PASS
	red/green/yellow/black fill	
light flares	red, green, yellow	Data not found
illumination for buoy, beacon	magenta, faint	PASS
radar reflector	grey	Data not found
fog signal	magenta, faint	Data not found
racon	magenta, dominant	Data not found
radio station	magenta, faint	Data not found
direction of buoyage	magenta, faint	Data not found
tidal stream table available	magenta	Data not found
isogonic lines	magenta	Data not found
characteristics (of buoy, light)	grey, small font	PASS
descriptions & notes (obstructions)	grey, small font	PASS
depth contour labels	grey, small font, always	MARGINAL -
	horizontal.	User chooses
		color.
place names	faint grey, med and & lrg font	MARGINAL -
		User chooses
		color.

2. SEA. aids & traffic routing features		
leading lines	magenta	PASS
light sectors	grey lines, colored strips	
traffic routing	magenta, dominant, thick lines	PASS
traffic separation zone	50% magenta transparent fill	PASS
traffic direction arrows	magenta pattern fill	Data not found
DW & inshore routes	magenta, dominant	PASS
other traffic routing symbols	magenta	PASS
fairway	magenta, thick	PASS
recommended tracks	magenta, thick	PASS
radar reference line	magenta, thick	PASS
cable ferry route	black/white on magenta, thick	Data not found
free-maneuvering ferry route	magenta	Data not found
prohibited areas	magenta, dominant, thick	PASS
areas for cautions, info notices	magenta, faint, thick	PASS
patterned fill symbols for above	magenta, faint	PASS
pilot station	magenta, faint	Data not found
coast guard station, signal station	magenta, faint	Data not found
boundaries	magenta, faint	PASS
warnings	magenta symbol, pick with	PASS
	cursor for details	
cautions, info notices	magenta symbol, pick with	PASS
3. LAND		
natural land areas	light brown	PASS
natural features (woods, swamps)	dark brown	PASS
landforms, contours	dark brown	PASS
glacier coastline	dashed dark grey line	Data not found
glacier, ice caps	grey patterned fill	Data not found
natural coastline	black (day)/grey-white(night)	PASS
artificial coastline	dashed dark grey line	Data not found
radar conspicuous coastline	black/white on top of magenta	Data not found
bridges over navigable waters	black/white, thick	PASS
cables, pipelines over navigable waters	black/white, thick	PASS
overhead clearances	black/white	PASS
wharves	black/white, thick	Data not found

berth nos. on wharf	magenta	Data not found
cranes	black/white	Data not found
dock areas	dark brown	PASS
symbol for fish harb., marinas	magenta, faint	PASS
navigation structures on land - (light towers, notice boards)	black/white	Data not found
conspicuous objects	black/white	Data not found
bridges, cables, etc. over non-navigable waters	dark brown	PASS
causeways, dams, dikes (large scale)	brown outline, dark brown fill	PASS
causeways, dams, dikes (small scale)	dark brown	PASS
built up areas	dark brown	PASS
outlines of towns, etc.	dark brown	PASS
buildings, roads, etc.	dark brown	PASS
buildings at large scale	dark brown outline, brown fill	PASS
symbols on land not of navigation importance (church)	brown	PASS
4. NAVIGATIONAL SYMBOLS		
mariner's caution and information	orange	PASS
mariner's notes	orange	PASS
hand chart corrns	orange	PASS
planned route	red, thick, dotted	PASS
course, waypoints, etc.	red	PASS
wheel-over	orange	Data not found
alternate route, including notations	orange, dashed	PASS
mariner's danger highlight	50% red fill	PASS
clearing lines	orange	Data not found
ship to scale	black/white, hull-shaped	PASS
ship symbol (circles)	black/white	PASS
hdg vector	black/white	PASS
co & sp made good vector	black/white	PASS
beam bearing line	black/white	PASS
rate of turn arrow	black/white	Data not found
past track	black/white	PASS
secondary past track	grey	PASS
event mark, times	orange	FAIL - Black.
position lines, fixes	orange	FAIL - Black.
EBL, free-footed	orange	Data not found
VRM, free-footed	orange	Data not found

parallel indexing (VRM & EBL)	orange	Data not found
current vector	orange	FAIL - Black.
cursor (also used as chart cursor)	orange	PASS
5. RADAR		
radar image	green, several intensities	Data not found
radar target info, non-dangerous	green	PASS
radar target info, dangerous	red	FAIL -
		Flashing Magenta
6. INFO FROM OTHER SOURCES		in a control
various info about areas	grey transparent fill	PASS
various info about lines, points	blue, yellow lines	PASS
7. INFO ABOUT THE CHART OR THE DISPLAY		
scale bar	orange	PASS
scale boundary	grey	FAIL - Black
		hashed line.
no chart data available	grey fill, plus grey squares at night	PASS
change in unit of depth	magenta	Data not found
non-HO data, and end of data line	two parallel red lines with red- diagonal hatching	Data not found
text of warnings (datum, etc.)	grey, on border of display or window	PASS
text of cautions, notices	grey, on text display area	PASS
cursor	orange, same as navigation	PASS
8. USER INTERFACE		
background	white/black	PASS
border	grey	PASS
area fill, water	darker blue/lighter blue	PASS
area fill, land	brown	PASS
מוכמ וווו, ומווט	DIOWII	FASS

5. CORRELATION OF FUND PHASE 1 WITH FUND TASKING REQUIREMENTS

REQUIREMENT	RATING	TEST PROCEDURE	EXPECTED RESULT	RESULT / COMMENTS
T 4.1 ALL PHASES				
T 4.1.1 Conform to the Electronic Chart Display and Information System (ECDIS) standards (the ECDIS Performance Standard and S-52) with the exception of S-57 (DX90) capabilities. The FUND project will use the DNC database.	MARGINAL	Verify compliance with referenced documents.	Complies.	Updating not supported. See minor discrepancies in the rest of this review.
T 4.1.2 Execute on an HP UNIX Workstation at a reasonable performance with following minimum specifications:	PASS	Execute on a HP UNIX Workstation.	Should execute at a reasonable performance.	Performed as expected.
T 4.1.2.1 Processor performance comparable to HP 750 series (SPECfp-70).	PASS	Determine what processor the system is using.	Should be comparable to HP 750 series.	Performed as expected.
T 4.1.2.2 3GB Hard Disk Capacity	PASS	Determine hard disk capacity.	Should have 3GB of hard disk capacity.	Performed as expected.
T 4.1.2.3 64MB RAM	PASS	Determine the amount of RAM in the system.	Should have 64MB of RAM.	Performed as expected.
T 4.1.2.4 Maximize the portability of the final software product to other UNIX platforms. If any software must be HP specific, NIMA shall be advised.	PASS	Examined software source code and consulted with software developers.	Portability is maximized.	Performed as expected.
T 4.1.3 Execute in "C" software utilizing the X/MOTIF operating in IIP-UX (UNIX).	PASS	Look at source code to determine programming environment.	Should be written in "C" and utilizing the X/MOTIF windowing system.	Performed as expected.
T 4.1.4 Provide full screen display of DNC.	PASS	Determine if the software uses the entire area of the display.	Should use the entire area of the display.	Performed as expected.

T 4.1.5 Allows for Global	MARGINAL	Connect GPS receiver to	Should move the ship to the	FUND is hard-coded to work
Positioning System (GPS) input in NMEA 0183 format.		computer and set the Position	position given by the GPS.	with Starling GPS receiver only;
				unus unable to configure FUND to match the available Magellan GPS receiver.
T 4.1.6 Provide for independent	FAIL	Non-supported requirement.		
control of up to four (4) displays dependent upon system				
resources.				
T 4.1.7 Utilize the NIMA	FAIL	No update test data available.		Chart updating not supported.
standard selected for VPF updating.				D
T 4.1.8 Utilize the NIMA	FAIL	Non-supported requirement.		There is not vet a final standard
standard selected for symbology.				VPF symbology.
T 4.1.9 Include Software Users	FAIL	Verify that there is a Software	There should be a Software	There is no Software Users
Manual.		Users Manual.	Users Manual available.	Manual.
T 4.1.10 Include Software	FAIL	Verify that there is a Software	There should be a Software	There is no Software
Programmers Manual (SPM)		Programmers Manual.	Programmers Manual available.	Programmers Manual.
described by DOD-MIL-STD-				
498 Software Development and				
Documentation DI-MCCR-				
80021A will be developed. The				
SPM shall provide the				
information required by a				
programmer or software				
engineer to incorporate the				
FUND software. In addition, the				
SPM shall describe the overall				
software architecture and				
development environment.				
T 4.1.11 Display the logos for	PASS	Select menu item FUND /	Should display a window of	Performed as expected.
NIMA, NAVOCEANO, CNOC,		About.	logos.	4
NAVSEA, SPARWAR and				
others as directed by NIMA.				

T 4.1.12 Incorporate Naval Oceanographic Office's (NAVOCEANO) supplemental layer data to be DNC interoperable with ship's own movement.	FAIL	Non-supported requirement.		
T 4.2 PHASE 1				
T 4.2.1 Route monitoring and Intelligent Screen Refresh (PS10.5):	MARGINAL	See the review in this document concerning Section 10.5 of the IMO Performance Standards for ECDIS.		Failure of safety contour lines. Off-track alarm not supported.
T 4.2.1.1 Automatically update the screen with the current ship's own position.	PASS	While running a demo route, turn on route monitoring using menu item Chart / Configuration / Route Monitoring.	Own ship and route should appear on display.	Performed as expected.
T 4.2.1.2 Automatically use the library with the best scale data.	PASS	Load a FUND Demo and verify that the chart displayed is the largest scaled chart available for that area. (The user can verify the chart displayed by comparing the gray text at the lower right of screen with the library diagram on the back of the CD Case).	The chart scale should be the largest available for that area.	Performed as expected.
T 4.2.1.3 Automatically change screen scale based on the library scale.	PASS	Load a FUND Demo where the route crosses libraries which have different scales.	When the different library is loaded, the screen scale should automatically change to the scale of that library.	Performed as expected.
T 4.2.1.4 Automatically refresh display based on ships distance from the edge of screen.	PASS	Set mode to Non-relative while route monitoring. Using the mouse, drag a corner of the dashed rectangle to a new position.	Own ship position is maintained within the resized rectangle.	Performed as expected.
T 4.2.1.5 Allow operator to manually override the auto library selection.	PASS	Turn route-monitoring off. Under menu item Chart / Configuration / Library, choose any library beside Auto.	Should display the library selected for the current geographical position.	Performed as expected.

T 4.2.2 Voyage Recording (PS10.6):	MARGINAL	See the review in this document concerning Section 10.6 of the IMO Performance Standards for ECDIS.		Information on chart and chart updates is not logged.
T 4.2.2.1 Keep a log of all data from GPS receiver at a minimum interval of 1 minute.		Non-testable requirement.		Did not have the system connected to a GPS receiver; however, the system does keep a log during the route monitoring demo.
T 4.2.2.2 Keep a log of all user changes to screen display.	FAIL	Non-supported requirement.		
T 4.2.3.1 Display a scale bar which represents 1nm, 10nm, 100nm, or 1000nm.	MARGINAL	Find scale bar at left-hand side of display.	Should display scale information.	Scale bar is set at .5nm, 5nm, 50nm, etc.
T 4.2.3.2 Scale bar will be color coded to represent real-world distance.	PASS	Locate scale bar on display.	Scale bar should be on left-hand side of display.	Since FUND does not use a conformal map projection, the scale bar only applies to vertical scale; it only indicates horizontal scale at the equator.
T 4.2.4 Position Information (PS 12.2): Current own-ship latitude/longitude will be continuously displayed on screen.	PASS	Find geographic coordinates at top of display.	Coordinates should represent position of own ship.	Performed as expected.
T 4.2.5 Spatial Query (PS 3): Ability to show all database information on any information displayed on screen.	PASS	While holding the cursor over the desired feature, click the right mouse button.	Spatial Query information should be displayed.	Performed as expected.
T 4.2.6 Base Display and Standard Display (S-52, PS Appendix 2, PS 2,3):	PASS	See the review in this document concerning Section 3.2 and Appendix 2 of the IMO Performance Standards for ECDIS.	Base and Standard display should appear as specified.	Performed as expected.
T 4.2.6.1 Base display shall be as defined in S-52, Appendix 2, 3 rd Edition, COE-CEDD/6/24 Add .1 with IMO features mapped to DNC.	PASS	Compare the base display with the requirements.	Base display should match the requirements.	Performed as expected.

T 4.2.6.2 Standard display shall be as defined in S-52 Appendix 2, 3 rd Edition, COE-CEDD/6/24 Add .1 with IMO features mapped to DNC.	PASS	Compare the standard display with the requirements.	Standard display should match the requirements.	Performed as expected.
T 4.2.6.3 Operator shall be able to select between base display and all or part of the standard display.	PASS	Pressing F2 and F3 toggles between the base and standard displays respectively.	Base and standard display should be displayed.	Performed as expected.
T 4.2.7 True/Relative Motion (PSS 7.2):	PASS	See the review in this document concerning Section 7.2 of the IMO Performance Standards for ECDIS.		True motion is referred to as non-relative in FUND.
T 4.2.7.1 In true motion mode, the chart shall remain in a fixed position on the screen while the ship moves on top of the chart.	PASS	Run a demo while in Non- relative motion mode.	Ship should move on top of the chart.	Performed as expected.
T 4.2.7.2 In relative motion mode, the chart shall move behind the ship while the ship remains at an operator defined position on the screen.	PASS	Run a demo while in Relative motion mode.	Ship should stay in center of display while chart scrolls beneath the ship.	Performed as expected.
T 4.2.7.3 The operator shall be allowed to change the motion mode at any time while route monitoring is active.	PASS	While route monitoring, choose menu item Chart / Configuration / Motion to toggle between Relative and Non-relative motion.	Route monitoring should work in the selected mode.	Performed as expected.
T 4.2.8 Best Scale Data (PS10.3): At each ownship positional update, examine the available libraries and automatically retrieve and display the library with the most accurate data for the current ships position.	PASS	Load a FUND Demo, verify that the chart displayed is the largest scaled chart available for that area. (The user can verify the chart displayed by comparing the gray text at the lower right of screen with the library diagram on the back of the CD Case).	The chart scale should be the largest available for that area.	Performed as expected.
T 4.3 PHASE 2				

T 4.3.1 All other DNC data (PS 3): Ability to display operator defined DNC features which are not part of the Base or Standard displays	PASS	Add other DNC data by selecting menu item Chart / User Overlays / DNC / Add. Display in the Other display mode by	Selected DNC features should be displayed.	Performed as expected.
T 4.3.2 Route monitoring and Intelligent Screen Refresh (PSS 10.5):	MARGINAL	See the review in this document concerning Section 10.5 of the IMO Performance Standards for ECDIS.		Malfunction in safety contour alarm. Off track alarm not supported.
T 4.3.2.1 Automatically update the screen with the current ship's position.	PASS	Run a demo.	Ship's position should be updated automatically.	Performed as expected.
T 4.3.2.2 Automatically use the library with the best scale data.	PASS	Same as Section 4.2.1.2 above.	The chart scale should be the largest available for that area.	Performed as expected.
T 4.3.2.3 Automatically change screen scale based on the library scale.	PASS	Same as Section 4.2.1.2 above.	As the demo crosses library boundaries, the library loaded should be a chart scale that is the largest available for that area.	Performed as expected.
T 4.3.2.4 Automatically refresh display based on ship's distance from the edge of screen.	PASS	Run demo in Non-relative mode.	Display is automatically refreshed when ship reaches user-set boundary.	Performed as expected.
T 4.3.2.5 Allow operator to manually override the auto-library selection.	PASS	Same as Section 4.2.1.5 above.	Library chosen should be displayed.	Performed as expected.
T 4.3.3 DOD Symbols (PS8): Ability to use DOD VPF Symbol Set.	FAIL			There is not yet a final standard VPF symbology.
T 4.3.4 DOD Colors (PS 8): Ability to use DOD supplied RGB colors sets for VPF data (if available).	FAIL			There is not yet a final standard VPF symbology.
T 4.3.5 DNC Updating (PS 3.9, 4.7): Ability to automatically update DNC using the approved DOD updating methodology.	FAIL	No update test data available.		DNC updating not supported.
T 4.3.6 DNC Update Log (PS 3.9, 4.7):	FAIL	No update test data available.		DNC updating not supported.

T 4.3.6.1 Automatically log data,	FAIL	No update test data available.		DNC updating not supported.
time, affected CD's, affected				
chart updates.				
T 4.3.6.2 Allow user to view log	FAIL	No update test data available.		DNC updating not supported.
of chart updates.				
T 4.3.7 DNC Date of Issue (PS	PASS	Under menu item Chart /	Should display the desired	Performed as expected.
3.9, 4.7): Allow user to view		Configuration / Library, choose	information.	
per-CD information including		the Browse library.		
date-of-issue, VPF version				
number, etc.				
T 4.3.8 Range/Bearing from	PASS			
ownship (PS 10.5.12):				
T 4.3.8.1 Show range and	PASS	Move cursor around the ship on	Range and bearing from the ship	Performed as expected.
bearing from ownship to cursor.		the display.	to the cursor should be displayed in the bottom-left corner	
T 4 3 8 2 Continuously show	PASS	Once the cursor is at the desired	A noint with the range and	Derformed as expected
range and bearing from ownship	2001	nosition tyne 'a' on the	hearing information should	i citorinica as capacida.
to user defined		Position, type a on the	ovaling intolliation should	
		ney your and the create training	appear wise are cause was	
latitude/10ngitude.		Enter the desired information.	wnen a was typeu.	
T 4.3.9 Add/remove DNC	PASS	Press F2 to remove all features	Should toggle between the Base	Performed as expected.
information from screen (PS		except Base display. Press F4 to	and Other displays.	
3.5): Allow user to turn on/off		view the added features again.		
DNC features which are not part				
of the base display.				
T 4.3.10 Dead Reckoning (PS 6.1):	PASS			
T 4.3.10.1 Given a speed and	PASS	Select menu item Interface /	System should automatically	Performed as expected.
heading input, automatically		Position Source / Dead	update the ship's position.	•
update ownship position based		Reckoning to set the interface.		
on last known position.		Then select menu item Interface		
		/ Dead Reckoning to get the		
		Dead Reckoning window. Enter		
		the Position and course of the ship		
		idiin.		

T 4.3.10.2 Allow operator to	PASS	Select menu item Interface /	Position fix should be generated	Performed as expected
provide manual position fixes.		Dead Reckoning to get the Dead Reckoning window. Press the	to the display.	
T 4.4 PHASE 3		Apply button.		
T 4.4.1 Route Planning	MARGINAL	See the review in this document		Required alarms are not
(waypoints) (PS 10.4):		concerning Section 10.4 of the		provided.
		IMO Performance Standards for ECDIS.		
T 4.4.1.1 Add waypoints based	PASS	Position the cursor at the desired	A waypoint should be displayed	Performed as expected.
on cursor position or latitude/longitude.		location and press 'w'.	on the screen and appended to the waypoint list.	•
T 4.4.1.2 Move waypoints.	PASS	Move cursor to the waypoint.	The waypoint is moved	Performed as expected.
		Press "q" key. Move cursor to		•
		new position and the "q"key to		
		move the waypoint.		
T 4.4.1.3 Delete waypoints.	PASS	Move cursor to the waypoint.	The waypoint is deleted	Performed as expected.
	***	Press "f" key, to tag and the		
		"backspace" key to delete.		
T 4.4.1.4 Connect waypoints	PASS	Create widely spaced waypoints.	Route legs should be drawn	Both rhumb line and great circle
using straight or curved		Set the line type using menu	either straight or curved (great	legs are correctly shown as
segments.		command Navigation / Planned	circle)	curved legs on FUND's
		Route / View Route / View		cylindrical equidistant
		Primary.		projection. Paper charts are
	-			usually on Mercator projection
				where rhumb lines appear
T 4.4.1.5 Reverse order of	PASS	Navigation / Planned Route /	The waynoint order is reversed	Derformed as expected
waypoints.		Reverse Route / Primary Route		s crioimed as expected.
T 4.4.1.6 Allow entry/display of	PASS	Open both primary and	Routes should be	Performed as expected.
alternative routes.		secondary routes.	distinguishable. (Primary route	
			appears in red, secondary in	
	** * "		orange.)	
I 4.4.1.7 Route Checking.		Non-supported requirement.		The only way to check a route is to traverse it as a demo route.

T 4.4.2 Day/Night screens (SP 52 Appendix 2): Allow operator to change on-screen colors based on time of day.	PASS	Select menu item Chart / Configuration / Color. Choose the desired setting.	Display should correspond to selection.	Performed as expected.
T 4.4.3 Highlight soundings (PS 3.6, 3.7):	PASS	Have the sounding features displayed while running in demo mode. Set the ship draft so that it is deeper than the soundings.	Sounds should blink and be highlighted when the ship approaches.	Performed as expected.
T 4.4.3.1 Allow operator to turn off soundings greater than a given depth.	MARGINAL	Turn off soundings point features.	Only soundings shallower than the ship's draft will appear on the screen.	Performed as expected; however, this requirement may be describing a setting other than the ship's draft.
T 4.4.3.2 Allow operator to display soundings in different colors based on depth.	FAIL	Non-supported requirement.		
T 4.4.4 Safety Contours PS 3.6): Automatically display the chart using the appropriate safety contours.	MARGINAL	Non-supported requirement.		FUND does not allow the mariner to set a safety contour but automatically assigns the safety contour as the shoalest contour that is deeper than the ship draft.
T 4.4.5 DNC Update Log (PS 3.9, 4.7):	FAIL	No update test data available.		
T 4.4.5.1 Automatically log data, time, affected CD's, affected libraries, affected charts, etc. of chart updates.	FAIL	No update test data available.		
T 4.4.5.2 Allow user to view log of chart updates.	FAIL	No update test data available.		
T 4.4.6.1 Generate an alarm for excess deviation from planned route.	FAIL	Non-supported requirement.		
T 4.4.6.2 Grounding avoidance alarms.	PASS	Run in demo mode.	Should flash when getting within the set distance from grounding.	Performed as expected.
T 4.4.6.3 Generate an alarm for loss of timely GPS data.	PASS	Use Interface / Navigation Status to show the status.	OFFLINE shows in red when no GPS solution was computed.	Performed as expected.

alarms. Mode of Performance Standards for the BCDIS. Contours should flash if the GPS 10.5.3). Automatically detect if ownship will cross a safety contour within an operator defined amount of time. Looking Ahead to set the time. Contour should flash if the detect if ownship will cross a safety contour within an operator defined amount of time. Looking Ahead to set the time. Contour should flash if the contour depth equals the safety the ship flash. Looking Ahead to set the time. Contour should lash if the ship flash. Looking Ahead to set the time. Contour should be defined amount of time. Looking Ahead to set the time. Contour capable of displayed. Contour should be defined amount of time. Contour should be defined amount of time. Looking Ahead to set the time. Contour should be defined amount of time. Contour should be defined amount of time. Contour should be defined colors. Inc. style, and fill should should be defined colors. Inc. style, and fill should should be defined colors. Inc. style, and fill should should be defined colors. Inc. style, and fill should shou	T 4.4.6.4 Other miscellaneous	MARGINAL	See the review in this document		
PASS FAIL Connect GPS receiver to computer and set the Position FAIL Connect GPS. FAIL Connect GPS. FAIL Connect GPS. Source to GPS. Select menu item Chart / Notes - with desired information. PASS Select menu item Navigation / wariation information. PASS Select menu item Navigation / wariation information. PASS Select menu item Navigation / variation.	alarms.		concerning Appendix 5 of the		
FAIL Use menu command Ship / Contours should flash if the Looking Ahead to set the time. Contour depth equals the safety contour or shoaler. PASS Add User Overlays to the ECDIS display by selecting menu items Chart / User Overlays / Mariner. PASS Same as above. Same as above. FAIL Non-supported requirement. FAIL Connect GPS receiver to Should move the ship to the computer and set the Position position given by the GPS. Source to GPS. Source to GPS. Select menu item Chart / Notes - With desired information. PASS Select menu item Chart / Notes - With desired information. PASS Select menu item Navigation / Variation information.			IMO Performance Standards for ECDIS.		
PASS Add User Overlays to the ECDIS display by selecting menu items Chart / User Overlays should be ECDIS display by selecting displayed. PASS Same as above. Same as above. FAIL Non-supported requirement. FAIL Connect GPS receiver to solution given by the GPS. Source to GPS. Select menu item Chart / Notes - Data Quality window appears Quality. Charts window appears with desired information. PASS Select menu item Navigation / variation information. Solution in item Navigation / variation information.	T 4.4.7 Grounding Avoidance	FAIL	Use menu command Ship /	Contours should flash if the	All contour lines in the path of
PASS Add User Overlays to the ECDIS display by selecting menu items Chart / User Overlays / Mariner. PASS Same as above. Same as above. FAIL Non-supported requirement. FAIL Connect GPS receiver to computer and set the Position Source to GPS. Source to GPS. PASS Select menu item Chart / Notes - Data Quality window appears Quality. Charts window with desired information. appears. Press Request Quality. PASS Select menu item Navigation / Should display magnetic Magnetic Variation.	detect if ownship will cross a		Louking Aneda to set the time.	contour depth equals the safety contour or shoaler.	rne snip Itash.
PASS Add User Overlays to the ECDIS display by selecting menu items Chart / User Overlays / Mariner. In. PASS Same as above. FAIL Non-supported requirement. FAIL Connect GPS receiver to computer and set the Position position given by the GPS. Source to GPS. PASS Select menu item Chart / Notes - Data Quality window appears Quality. Charts window appears Press Request Quality. PASS Select menu item Navigation / variation information.	safety contour within an operator defined amount of time.				
ECDIS display by selecting menu items Chart / User Overlays / Mariner. 1 PASS Same as above. 1 FAIL Non-supported requirement. FAIL Connect GPS receiver to computer and set the Position position given by the GPS. Source to GPS. Soluce to GPS. PASS Select menu item Chart / Notes - Data Quality window appears Quality. Charts window with desired information. PASS Select menu item Navigation / Should display magnetic be Magnetic Variation. PASS Select menu item Navigation / variation information.	T 4.4.8 Mariner added	PASS	Add User Overlays to the	User Overlays should be	Performed as expected.
menu ttems Chart / User Overlays / Mariner. Ins. FAIL FAIL Connect GPS receiver to computer and set the Position given by the GPS. Source to GPS. PASS Select menu item Chart / Notes - Data Quality window appears Quality. Charts window with desired information. PASS Select menu item Navigation / Should display magnetic be Magnetic Variation. Should display magnetic variation.	information (overlays) (PS 6.2):		ECDIS display by selecting	displayed.	4
ns. FAIL Non-supported requirement. FAIL Connect GPS receiver to computer and set the Position position given by the GPS. Source to GPS. PASS Select menu item Chart / Notes - Data Quality window appears Quality. Charts window appears. Press Request Quality. PASS Select menu item Navigation / Should display magnetic be Magnetic Variation.			menu items Chart / User Overlays / Mariner.		
FAIL Non-supported requirement. FAIL Connect GPS receiver to Should move the ship to the computer and set the Position position given by the GPS. Source to GPS. PASS Select menu item Chart / Notes - Data Quality window appears Quality. Charts window with desired information. PASS Request Quality. PASS Select menu item Navigation / Should display magnetic be Magnetic Variation.	T 4.4.8.1 Allow user to add a	PASS	Same as above.	Same as above.	Performed as expected.
FAIL Non-supported requirement. FAIL Connect GPS receiver to Should move the ship to the computer and set the Position given by the GPS. Source to GPS. PASS Select menu item Chart / Notes - Data Quality window appears Quality. Charts window with desired information. PASS Select menu item Navigation / Should display magnetic be Magnetic Variation.	layer of information to the				•
FAIL Non-supported requirement. FAIL Connect GPS receiver to Should move the ship to the computer and set the Position position given by the GPS. Source to GPS. PASS Select menu item Chart / Notes - Data Quality window appears with desired information. PS PASS Request Quality. PASS Select menu item Navigation / Should display magnetic be Magnetic Variation.	display which could contain:				Market 1
FAIL Non-supported requirement. FAIL Connect GPS receiver to computer and set the Position Should move the ship to the computer and set the Position Source to GPS. Source to GPS. Source to GPS. Select menu item Chart / Notes - Data Quality window appears Quality. Charts window with desired information. Should display magnetic Select menu item Navigation / Should display magnetic Select menu item Navigation / variation information. Should display magnetic	Notes (text), lines, or polygons.				
FAIL Connect GPS receiver to Should move the ship to the computer and set the Position Source to GPS. Source to GPS. PASS Select menu item Chart / Notes - Data Quality window appears window appears. Press Request Quality. PS PASS Select menu item Navigation / Should display magnetic be Magnetic Variation.	T 4.4.8.2 Support operator	FAIL	Non-supported requirement.		
FAIL Connect GPS receiver to Should move the ship to the computer and set the Position given by the GPS. Source to GPS. PASS Select menu item Chart / Notes - Data Quality window appears Quality. Charts window appears. Press Request Quality. PS PASS Select menu item Navigation / Should display magnetic be Magnetic Variation.	defined colors, line-style, and fill				
FAIL Connect GPS receiver to Should move the ship to the computer and set the Position given by the GPS. Source to GPS. PASS Select menu item Chart / Notes - Data Quality window appears Quality. Charts window appears. Press Request Quality. PS PASS Select menu item Navigation / Should display magnetic be Magnetic Variation.	pattern.				
83 Source to GPS. PASS Select menu item Chart / Notes - Data Quality window appears Quality. Charts window appears. Press Request Quality. PS PASS Select menu item Navigation / Should display magnetic be Magnetic Variation.	T 4.4.9 GPS Interface (6.1):	FAIL	Connect GPS receiver to	Should move the ship to the	FUND is hard-coded to work
PASS Select menu item Chart / Notes - Data Quality window appears Quality. Charts window with desired information. appears. Press Request Quality. (PS PASS Select menu item Navigation / Magnetic Variation.	System shall read ownship's		computer and set the Position	position given by the GPS.	with Starling GPS receiver only;
PASS Select menu item Chart / Notes - Data Quality window appears Quality. Charts window with desired information. appears. Press Request Quality. Should display magnetic Magnetic Variation.	position from any NEMA-0183		Source to GPS.		thus unable to configure FUND
lata PASS Select menu item Chart / Notes - Data Quality window appears Quality. Charts window with desired information. appears. Press Request Quality. Should display magnetic Magnetic Variation.	GPS receiver.				to match the available Magellan
lata PASS Select menu item Chart / Notes - Data Quality window appears Quality. Charts window with desired information. appears. Press Request Quality. Should display magnetic Ill be Magnetic Variation.	T 4 S PHASE 4				GPS receiver.
lata Quality. Charts window with desired information. appears. Press Request Quality. (PS PASS Select menu item Navigation / Should display magnetic Magnetic Variation.	T 4.5.1 Data Quality (?):	PASS	Select menu item Chart / Notes -	Data Ouality window appears	Performed as expected
(PS PASS Select menu item Navigation / Should display magnetic Magnetic Variation.	Display information from data		Quality. Charts window	with desired information.	
(PS PASS Select menu item Navigation / Should display magnetic Magnetic Variation.	quality fields of DNC data.		appears. Press Request Quality.		
Ill be Magnetic Variation. variation information.	T 4.5.2 Magnetic Variation (PS	PASS	Select menu item Navigation /	Should display magnetic	Performed as expected.
capable of displaying the magnetic variation for the current ownship's position.	Appendix 2): Operator shall be		Magnetic Variation.	variation information.	
magnetic variation for the current ownship's position.	capable of displaying the				
current ownship's position.	magnetic variation for the				
	current ownship's position.				

T 4.5.3 Collision Avoidance (PS MARGINAL	MARGINAL	While running in demo mode,	An alarm should be given if the	Performed as expected;
10.5.4): System shall use track		turn on ARPA using the	simulated ship is in the path of	however, sometimes it seems
information from Radar		following sequence: Select	own ship.	that the ships come awfully close
interface to determine potential		menu item FUND / Demo, select		before an alarm is given.
collisions.		menu item Edit / ARPA, click		
		on a row in the table, and select		
		Tracking to be 'ON'.		
T 4.5.4 Radar Interface (ARPA)		Non-testable requirement.		Can only simulate using the
(PS 6.3): Digital data input from				demo mode with ARPA turned
a commercial ARPA.				on.
T 4.5.5 DNC Update Log (PS	FAIL	Non-supported requirement.		
3.9, 4.7):				
T 4.5.5.1 Automatically log data,	FAIL	Non-supported requirement.		
time, affected CD's, affected				
libraries, affected charts, etc. of				
chart updates.				
T 4.5.5.2 Allow user to view log	FAIL	Non-supported requirement.		
of chart updates.				

6. GENERAL COMMENTS

6.1 Suggestions

These are intended to improve the usability of the FUND software.

- 1. FUND Phase 4 has very limited on-line help (only hotkey definitions are provided) and no user guide. Both should be provided.
- 2. The FUND software caches DNC data to the magnetic disk transparent to the user with no user control over the cache size or contents. The user should be able to set a maximum cache size.
- 3. Route selection and management appears under both Demo and Navigation. This redundancy is somewhat confusing.
- 4. A toggle key for night / day color would be helpful, as it is hard to switch back to day color in a lighted room.
- 5. The user interface for adding overlays under menu Chart / User Overlays / DNC / add is complex and confusing.
- 6. Drawing tools under menu Chart / User Overlays / User Drawn are not completely functional. A pointer tool should be added to select feature for delete, edit, move, or resize.
- 7. Route planning would benefit from a command to empty the route of all currently contained waypoints.
- 8. Additional GPS receivers should be supported.
- DNC sould be displayed in a Mercator projection. FUND draws charts on a linear latitude / longitude grid which causes significant distortion of bearings and geographic features.

6.2 Bugs

These were problems that occurred while testing the FUND software.

- 1. Depth contour lines do not behave properly in grounding avoidance.
- 2. ARPA contacts ahead of and on same course as own ship do not behave properly.

- 3. Occasionally while performing route planning and route monitoring concurrently FUND gets stuck in an infinite update loop and has to be terminated.
- 4. A crash occurred when FUND could not find an 'end' file in 'dnc15/gen15a/obs/____/'. It then went about removing all libraries from memory and then crashed with a segmentation violation. Got another segmentation violation while trying to re-start the program. Had to manually delete all files in the cache directory.
- 5. During the process of adding numerous DNC user overlays, all area fills turned to gray while lines, points and text still had color. The situation was not corrected by restarting FUND. It was corrected by manually deleting all files in the cache directory.

7. STATUS OF OCEANOGRAPHIC FUND OVERLAYS

This section describes a joint effort by NRL and the Naval Oceanographic Office (NAVOCEANO) to produce a prototype of supplementary oceanographic layers in VPF for use as DNC overlays in FUND.

7.1 VPF Background

VPF is a georelational database format and content specification. It was developed over a period of years by Environmental Resources Research Institute (ESRI) (the developer of the ARCINFO GIS product) under NIMA funding. The first VPF data product, Digital Chart of the World (DCW) was also produced by ESRI. VPF "databases" consist of one or more "libraries". "Libraries" contain data over a specific geographic area at a specific map scale. A "library" is composed of one or more "coverages" which are thematic groups such as population, transportation, aids to navigation, etc. "Coverages" contain one or more feature classes, each of which usually represents a particular feature code in a feature coding scheme. VPF databases may be exploited using NIMA provided Government Off The Shelf (GOTS) software products VPFVIEW and MC&G Utility Software Environment (NIMAMUSE) on a variety of computer systems.

7.2 VPF Toolkit Background

NRL's Digital MC&G Analysis Program (DMAP) has developed an internally used toolkit for producing prototype VPF products. DMAP's VPF Toolkit was used in a previous project to adapt the Search And Rescue (SAR) model software to output in VPF. Software for producing a particular VPF product may be written at a fairly high level making function calls into the VPF Toolkit.

7.3 Generalized Digital Environmental Model (GDEM)

At the suggestion of NAVOCEANO, the first oceanographic data product to be converted to VPF was the Generalized Digital Environmental Model (GDEM), a worldwide, variable resolution database of temperature, salinity, and sound speed profiles from the surface to the sea bottom. The GDEM database was converted to VPF format, written to a CDROM, and passed to NISE-East for use as the oceanographic supplementary to DNC.

There were many ways in which a VPF GDEM database could be organized. Since NRL had only limited experience in designing and producing VPF data products and NAVOCEANO had none, several different design options were developed and implemented. Gradually, during the development effort, more advanced VPF options including spatial indexes and tiling were incorporated to improve the database performance. The organization of the GDEM-VPF database includes 7 libraries, one for each of the GDEM regions. Resolutions vary across the libraries from 5 to 30 minutes of latitude and longitude. The libraries are:

- 1. Arctic Ocean Region
- 2. Indian Ocean Region
- 3. Mediterranean Ocean Region
- 4. North Atlantic Ocean Region
- 5. South Atlantic Ocean Region
- 6. North Pacific Ocean Region
- 7. South Pacific Ocean Region

Each library has an identical internal organization, consisting of 7 coverages. The coverages and corresponding features are:

- 1. Autumn Salinity, Temperature, and Sound Speed Profiles
- 2. Winter Salinity, Temperature, and Sound Speed Profiles
- 3. Spring Salinity, Temperature, and Sound Speed Profiles
- 4. Summer Salinity, Temperature, and Sound Speed Profiles
- 5. Monthly Sea Surface Temperatures Profiles
- 6. Library Reference
- 7. Tile Reference

8. CONCLUSIONS

- 1. Installation and user's guides should accompany the FUND software. On-line help should be improved.
- 2. Chart updating is not yet supported. Significant deficiencies exist in in the area of alarms and indications. Other minor deficiencies are present.
- 3. VPF is showing significant potential as a distribution format for oceanographic data products, but FUND software has not yet been adapted to provide the multi-database capability that is required to display the oceanographic data as a chart overlay.
- 4. In spite of the noted defiencies, FUND accomplishes it's purpose of proving that DNC can sucessfully be used in ECDIS.

9. REFERENCES

International Hydrographic Organization, Specifications for Chart Content and Display Aspects of ECDIS, Special Publication No. 52, 4th Edition, December 1994.

International Hydrographic Organization, Guidance on Updating the Electronic Navigational Chart, Special Publication No. 52 Appendix 1, December 1994.

International Hydrographic Organization, *Provisional Colour and Symbol Specifications for ECDIS*, Special Publication No. 52 Appendix 2, October 1993.

International Maritime Organization, *Performance Standards for Electronic Chart Display and Information Systems*, IMO resolution A.817(19), Adopted 23 November 1995.

10. ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The authors wish to thank Mr. Jerry Boatman from CNMOC for funding. Thanks are also extended to Mr. John Lanier, Mr. Steve Hall, Mr. Edwin O. Danford, Mr. Jim Ayres, and Mr. Doug McCusker of the Defense Mapping Agency for their assistance.

Thanks also to Mr. Robert Greer of nise east for his assistance, and Mr. Mikan Stamenkovich and Mr. Dave Grant also of NISE East for their technical support.